### Brett G. Garcia

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FIELDS OF EXPERTISE Industrial Organization, Applied Econometrics, Applied Microeconomics, Transportation

EDUCATION

## University of Oregon

Eugene, Oregon

Ph.D. Candidate, Economics (expected 2021)

• Dissertation Title: "Essays in Transport Economics"

• Dissertation Advisor: Professor Wesley Wilson

M.S., Economics 2017

## University of Utah

Salt Lake City, Utah

M.S., Economics 2016

• Advisor: Professor Mark Glick

#### California State University Chico

Chico, California

B.A., Economics 2011

Working Papers

# Prices, Costs, and Markups for Differentiated Rail Networks: Reevaluating Market Dominance

Job Market Paper

Regulators of the railroad industry are tasked with protecting shippers from excessive rates for shipments in which the railroad is market dominant, defined as an absence of effective competition from intramodal and intermodal competition. This task requires accurate measures of shipment costs, markups, and how these markups relate to competing modes of transport. However, the current regulatory accounting approach of allocating costs and markups is heavily criticized. In contrast to the academic literature, which is aggregate in nature and estimates the average cost and markup over the network, I develop a method to measure costs and markups that retains their disaggregate properties. I adapt and apply a quadratic cost function that provides shipment costs and markups and use these results to explore market dominance, wherein the markup and the presence of competing modes of transport determine whether shippers may be eligible to contest the reasonableness of the rate. I find that a movement from monopoly to duopoly leads to an average 6.8% decline in rail markups. The results suggest rail markups are most constrained by rail competition within 10 miles of the origin-destination and that nearby ports decrease the impact of rail competition on rail markups. This approach can be operationalized by regulators and market participants to assess the reasonableness of a rate and to streamline and expedite market dominance inquiry.

# Nowcasting Waterbornce Commerce: a Bayesian Model Averaging Approach with Jeremy Piger and Wesley Wilson (under review)

In this paper, we use Bayesian techniques to develop nowcasts for the quantity of waterborne traffic in the United States in total and for the four primary commodities. These waterborne traffic levels are released with a considerable time lag, but yet are of current interest. Nowcasts (i.e. predictions

of the waterborne traffic levels to be released based on other variables that are available) have been constructed using an array of different variables and techniques. However, the large number of potential predictor variables and changes in the distribution of traffic levels leads to both model and estimation uncertainty, which hampers the accuracy of these existing nowcasts. We use Bayesian Model Averaging (BMA) to create nowcasts, which confronts model and estimation uncertainty directly via the averaging of models with different sets of predictors. We also use rolling window techniques to account for possible changes in the nowcasting relationship over time. Based on a variety of evaluation metrics, we find that BMA substantially improves nowcast accuracy.

### A Multiproduct Cost Function for Railroads and the Curse of Dimensionality

In this paper, I adapt and apply a technique for estimating multiproduct cost functions in the railroad industry. Historically, regulators have relied on an accounting cost allocation procedure to determine whether railroads are exploiting their market power and charging excessive rates. But, the current regulatory approach has been heavily criticized. In this application, develop and estimate a model of costs in the attribute space instead of the product space, which allows product specific marginal costs to be estimated. This approach provides a solution to handle the large number of product-origin-destination combinations. Implementing the model in this way allows shipment specific costs to be estimated while also incorporating the shared network technology inherent in railway networks. The result can be used in conjunction with rates to identify excessively high rail rates, it can also be used to estimate the costs attached to a specific rail movement which can be important for shippers in negotiating rate under contracts; shippers can use it to evaluate eligibility for rate relief. Railroads can operationalize this method to set more competitive rates and avoid the dispute resolution process.

Works in Progress In Search of Peace and Quiet: Do Short-Term Rental Restrictions Improve Housing Affordability? with Keaton Miller and John Morehouse

An Evolving Relevant Market: Hotel Mergers and the Rise of Airbnb  $with\ Keaton\ Miller$ 

Professional Experience Forensic Analyst
Civil No. 110918426

Los Angeles, California

Analyst

National Football League

Culver City, California

Analyst 2015 - 2016 Emperitas Salt Lake City, Utah

Revenue Coordinator

Montage Deer Valley

2011 - 2014

Park City, Utah

Presentations American Economic Association CSMGEP Dissertation Session (online) 2021

Western Economic Association Annual Conference (online)

Microeconomics Group at University of Oregon

Industrial Organization Workshop at University of Oregon

2019, 2020

2018

HONORS AND Graduate Teaching Fellowship 2016 - 2021 AWARDS Kleinsorge Summer Research Award 2020

Graduate Teaching Initiative Teaching Engagement Program
Omicron Delta Epsilon Honor Society
2016
Golden Key International Honour Society
2016

TEACHING	University of Oregon		Eugene, Oregon
Experience	Instructor of Record		
	<ul> <li>EC 360 Industrial Organization, Antitrust (online)</li> <li>EC 360 Industrial Organization, Antitrust</li> <li>EC 460 Theory of Industrial Organization</li> <li>EC 340 Public Economics</li> </ul>		Spring 2020, Fall 2020 Spring 2019, Winter 2020 Summer 2019 Summer 2018
	Discussion Section Leader		
	<ul><li>EC 202 Principles of Macroeco</li><li>EC 201 Principles of Microeco</li></ul>		
	Teaching Assistant		
	<ul> <li>EC 333 Resource and Environmental Economics</li> <li>EC 535 Natural Resource Economics</li> <li>EC 201 Principles of Microeconomics (online)</li> <li>EC 202 Principles of Macroeconomics (online)</li> <li>EC 380 International Economics (online)</li> <li>EC 330 Urban Economics</li> <li>EC 421 Introduction to Econometrics II</li> <li>EC 551 Labor Economics</li> <li>EC 311 Intermediate Microeconomics</li> </ul>		Fall 2016, Fall 2018 Fall 2018, Spring 2018 Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 Spring 2018 Winter 2018 Fall 2017 Fall 2016
	National Collegiate Athletic Association Salt		Salt Lake City, Utah
	Student-Athlete Tutor		
	• Statistics, Mathematics, and Econometrics Fall 2014, Spring 2015, Fall 2015, Spring 2016		
University and Department Service	Clark Honors College Thesis Advisor at the University of Oregon Founded/Organized Applied Microeconomics Workshop at University of Oregon Faculty Evaluation Committee Member at the University of Utah		niversity of Oregon 2020
COMPUTER SKILLS	$\bullet$ R, Matlab, Stata, Stan, Microsoft Office, I $\!\!\!\!\!\!^{A} T_{\!\!\!\!\!E} X$		
REFERENCES	Professor Wesley W. Wilson University of Oregon Department of Economics wwilson@uoregon.edu Professor Keaton Miller University of Oregon	Wade C. Roberts, Ph.D. Veritas Forensic Economics Economist wade@veritasteam.com  Professor Jeremy Piger University of Oregon	
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